

The INs and OUTs Extramural Grant Mechanisms

Sponsored by the Office of Postdoctoral Affairs &
the Office of Graduate Fellowships and Awards

Debra Ann Fadool
and Adrienne Stephenson



Speakers today –

Debi Fadool – Overview of Strategies
Jose Pinto – AHA
Kay Jones – USDA
Jim Fadool – Loreal Women in Science

BREAK

Emily Moriarty-Lemon – NSF Dissertation
Adrienne Stephenson – NSF Postdoctoral
Rick Hyson – NIH; F31, F32
Alan Spector – NIH; R03, K99-R00

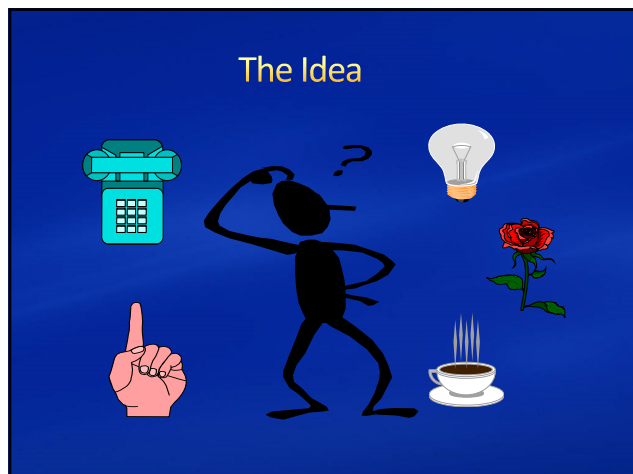
BREAK OUT SESSION FOR FINAL ONE-ON-ONE

What they intend to tell you!

1. What is the eligibility?
2. What are the application components?
3. Are there supporting documents that are required?
4. How much preliminary data are required? And how much has to be generated by you?
5. What are common mistakes in designing your first grant application?
6. How long is the grant award, if funded? What is provided?
7. What is a pre-proposal? Is there an oral interview? What is current success rate?

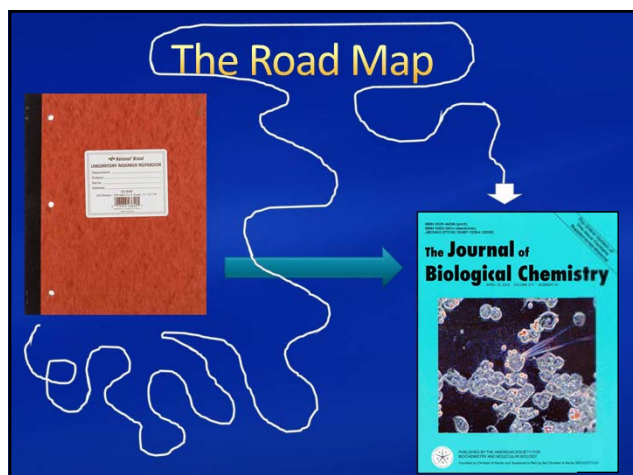
Why Should You Design a Grant AND Submit it?

- Being able to express *your idea* is pinnacle as a doctoral researcher or postdoctoral scholar.



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- Being able to express **your idea** is pinnacle as a doctoral researcher or postdoctoral scholar.
- Having a planned roadmap of your proposed work that has been rigorously examined by many individual experts that have provided feedback to you – will save you time!



Why Should You Design a Grant AND Submit it?

- Allows an intense thinking period for you to devise the best research.

Intense Thinking and Reading



Bounce ideas off your colleagues

Why Should You Design a Grant AND Submit it?

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- Makes you consider the big picture of your research.

The Shopping Mall

Who is your consumer?
 What do they want?
 How do you know that is what they want?
 How do you place your ideas into context?
 What is everyone else's product?
 How is your product better?

Once you get your "loan", you can build
 any store that you want....
 But you must generate a product....
 And it is good to have stock supplies....

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- Allows an intense thinking period for you to devise the best research.
- Makes you consider the big picture of your research.
- Your submitted grant can be used for more than just that extramural review committee.

What Mileage Can You Get from Your Grant Proposal?

- You can use the proposal for your prospectus (doctoral).
- You can use the proposal for your research statement of your job application packet (postdoctoral).
- You can use the background introductory material for a Review Paper.
- You can use prepared images on websites, in oral presentations, conference posters.

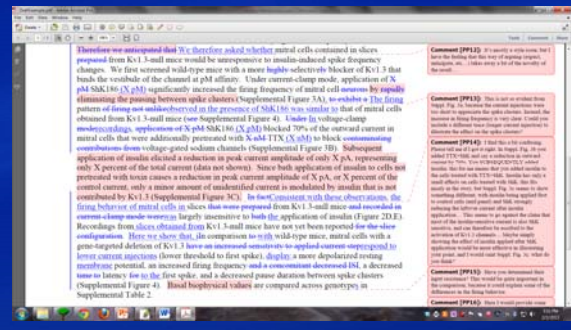
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- Allows an intense thinking period for you to devise the best research.
- Makes you consider the big picture of your research.
- Your submitted grant can be used for more than just that extramural review committee.
- Makes you competitive on the job market – that your idea was reviewed and approved for funding.

More Competitive for the Next Career Move

- Demonstrates you are organized and an effective communicator of ideas.
- Makes you knowledgeable about your broad field of research.
- Your resume/c.v. is higher impact – sets you apart from your peers.
- Institutes comb federal data bases to search for young scholars that have been funded and they invite them to apply to their ongoing job searches.

When is it NOT a good time to prepare a grant application?



When is it NOT a good time to prepare a grant application?

- Too much demand between manuscript/book/thesis and grant application.
- Still completing your coursework.
- You are too senior for a particular grant mechanism.
- You did not perform well in the classroom.
- Your advisor has conflicting time commitments and cannot develop a training plan with you.
- You do not have an expert to help analyze the planned research.

When is it NOT a good time to prepare a grant application?

- Conflict with a planned off-campus experience that would also provide research opportunity.
- Poor match of environment to the research planned.
- No one knows your experiences well (letters).

What Type of Peripheral Preparations are Required?

- Vertebrate or human subject approval
- Recombinant dna, virus, hazardous materials, select agents
- Conflict of interest approval
- Budget approval
- Departmental signatures
- Form pages and navigating the program announcements
- Familiarity with the submission software
- Government ID or registrations

How to Navigate and be Competitive with your Research Idea?

Find a Mentor!

Get Copies of Funded and Unfunded Applications

Ask lots of questions!



Logistics of the Workshop

March 18 – Submission of Specific Aims
With 5 names of reviewers for your discipline

March 31/April 7 – Critique of your Specific Aims
and invitation of past recipients of your selected
extramural grant mechanism

July 15/July 21 – Mock Study Section